

SN Series Sub-Nanosecond Lasers www.photonix.com

Photonics Industries' SN Series subnanosecond lasers provide market-leading high pulse energies and specifiable low pulse widths (from 5 ns down to \sim 300 ps), within an all-in-one (AIO), compact form factor. Microprocessing applications as well as scientific applications, like airborne laser ranging (LIDAR), can incorporate the advantages of the SN Series.

Features

Cutting, drilling, welding, scribing, marking, High single pulse energy: • > 3mJ at 15 kHz with 1064 nm output available High Repetition Rate PERC Solar Cell Unique sub-ns pulse widths: . Specifiable pulse width within range ~300 ps to 5 ns Wide range of wavelengths: • 3D LIDAR Scanning Systems, Airborne 1064 nm, 532 nm, 355 nm Laser Swath Mapping Systems, Laser MWB, MWS, & 266 nm options on request Altimetry Systems, Coastal Zone Mapping Smallest, all-in-one (AIO), high power sub-nanosecond laser on the and Imaging Lidar (CZMIL) Systems, market: Bathymetry LIDAR Systems, Cryosphere Up to 160 W IR, 100 W GRN, or 50 W UV, Measurements, Laser Triangulation Highest efficiency sub-nanosecond laser with the lowest power • consumption available commercially. Laser Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy \sim 3x lower power consumption from leading competitors. (LIBS), Mass Spectroscopy Systems Excellent TEM00 beam, and Pointing Stability: . Laser-Capture Microdissection (LCM), Typical $M^2 < 1.2$; < 25 µrad Laser-Induced Forward Transfer (LIFT), Exceptionally low timing jitter . DNA/RNA/Protein Analysis Methods < 500 ps Sample Preparation for Microstructure Total Pulse Control: • PEC (Power or Pulse Energy Control). PSO (Position Synchronized Output) mode for external triggering to any arbitrary PRF while maintaining a constant, stable pulse energy with low jitter. Burst Mode for individually controllable pulses in burst envelopes of up to 10 pulses. POD (Pulse-On-Demand) pulse bursts can be triggered internally, externally, or continuously, while maintaining constant pulse energy.

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Applications

Processing

Systems

LIDAR Systems

intra-marking, patterning

Diagnostics/Failure Analysis

Specifications - SN Series Sub-nanosecond Lasers, IR Models

| | SN-1064-10 | SN-1064-40 | SN-1064-100 | SN-1064-160 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Beam and output specification | าร | | | | |
| Wavelength⊕ | | 106 | 54 nm | | |
| Output power ¹ | 10 W | 40W | 100 W | 160 W | |
| Long term power stability ² | ≤ 1% rms | | | | |
| Pulse width ³ | 500 ps to 5 ns range | | | | |
| Pulse repetition rate ⁴ | Single shot to 2 MHz | | | | |
| Pulse-to-pulse stability ⁵ | < 1% rms | | | | |
| Beam spatial mode | TEM ₀₀ M ² ~1.2 | | | | |
| Beam pointing stability | < 25 µrad | | | | |
| Beam divergence | < 2 mrad | | | | |
| Beam roundness | > 90% | | | | |
| Beam bore sight accuracy | ≤ 1 mm lateral (to | specified exit location), | ≤ 5 mrad angular (to spec | ified exit direction) | |
| Polarization | | Vertica | >100:1 | | |

Operational and system characteristics

| Interface | R | RS232, Ethernet, Software GUI, External TTL Triggering | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| Warm-up time | | < 15 minutes | | | |
| | | 100-240 V AC, Line Frequency 50-60 Hz | | | |
| Electrical requirement | 15 V DC, 13 A | 32 V DC, 15 A | 32 V DC, 28 A | 60/32 V DC, 20/18 A | |
| Power consumption ⁶ | < 200 W | < 500 W | < 900 W | < 1300 W | |
| Climate | Ambient 15°C to 30 | Ambient 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) Operating Range, RH 90% Maximum, non-condensing | | | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH) ⁷ | 16 x 8.9 x 4.5 in. | 21 x 8.5 x 3.75 in. | 20 x 8.5 x 4.5 in. | 20 x 10 x 4.5 in. | |
| Vibrational tolerance | | Up to 3g | | | |
| Cooling system [⊕] | Air-cooled | | Water-cooled | | |

 \oplus See options in below table.

⊕ See options in below table.
[1.] Standard power optimization is at 1 MHz. Output power is specifiable at different pulse repetition rates. Pulse energy varies depending on the repetition rate optimization and specified pulse width. > 3 mJ single pulse energy optimization is available.
[2.] Measured over 8 hours ± 1°C.
[3.] Specifiable pulse width. > 3 mJ single pulse energy optimization is available.
[2.] Measured over 8 hours ± 1°C.
[3.] Specifiable pulse width. Pulse energy varies depending on the specified pulse width.
[4.] Lower pulse repetition rate operation, down to single shot, achieved by utilizing PSO or POD features. Higher pulse repetition rates are available [5.] Measured at ambient temperature ± 2°C.
[6.] Power consumption data does not include an external chiller's power consumption.
[7.] SN Series sub-nanosecond lasers are all-in-one (AIO) and do not require a separate controller or utility module.
All connections for operation and control of the laser can be found on the back panel of the AIO laser.
[8.] 60V/20A and 32V/28A two connections between back panel of the AIO laser. laser head and PSU. [NB] All specifications at the optimized repetition rate and pulse width.

| Options | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------|----|-------|
| Multi-wavelength | Multi-wavelength outpu | [MWB], [MWS] | | |
| Rad-cooling™ | Rad-cooling™ system in | [RC] | | |
| | | | | I |
| Format | SN-1064 | - | XX | [xxx] |



Specifications - SN Series Sub-nanosecond Lasers, GRN Models

| | SN-532-5 | SN-532-25 | SN-532-70 | SN-532-100 | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Beam and output specification | IS | | | | |
| Wavelength [⊕] | | 532 | nm | | |
| Output power ¹ | 5 W | 25 W | 70 W | 100 W | |
| Long term power stability ² | ≤ 1% rms | | | | |
| Pulse width ³ | 350 ps to 5 ns range | | | | |
| Pulse repetition rate ⁴ | Single shot to 2 MHz | | | | |
| Pulse-to-pulse stability ⁵ | < 2% rms | | | | |
| Beam spatial mode | TEM ₀₀ M ² ~1.2 | | | | |
| Beam pointing stability | < 20 µrad | | | | |
| Beam divergence | < 1.5 mrad | | | | |
| Beam roundness | > 90% | | | | |
| Beam bore sight accuracy | ≤ 1 mm lateral (to | o specified exit location), ≤ | 5 mrad angular (to speci | fied exit direction) | |
| Polarization | | Horizontal >100:1 | | | |

Operational and system characteristics

| Interface | R | RS232, Ethernet, Software GUI, External TTL Triggering | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| Warm-up time | | < 15 minutes | | | |
| | | 100-240 V AC, Line Frequency 50-60 Hz | | | |
| Electrical requirement | 15 V DC, 13 A | 32 V DC, 15 A | 32 V DC, 28 A | 60/32 V DC, 20/18 A | |
| Power consumption ⁶ | < 200 W | < 500 W | < 900 W | < 1300 W | |
| Climate | Ambient 15°C to 30 | Ambient 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) Operating Range, RH 90% Maximum, non-condensing | | | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH) ⁷ | 16 x 8.9 x 4.5 in. | 21 x 8.5 x 3.75 in. | 20 x 8.5 x 4.5 in. | 20 x 10 x 4.5 in. | |
| Vibrational tolerance | | Up to 3g | | | |
| Cooling system [⊕] | Air-cooled | | Water-cooled | | |

 \oplus See options in below table.

⊕ See options in below table.
[1.] Standard power optimization is at 1 MHz. Output power is specifiable at different pulse repetition rates. Pulse energy varies depending on the repetition rate optimization and specified pulse width. [2.] Measured over 8 hours ± 1°C. [3.] Specifiable pulse width. Pulse energy varies depending on the specified pulse width. [4.] Lower pulse repetition rate operation, down to single shot, achieved by utilizing PSO or POD features. [5.] Measured at ambient temperature ± 2°C. [6.] Power consumption data does not include an external chiller's power consumption. [7.] SN Series sub-nanosecond lasers are all-in-one (AIO) and do not require a separate controller or utility module. All connections for operation and control of the laser can be found on the back panel of the AIO laser. [8.] 60V/20A and 32V/28A two connections between laser head and PSU. [NB] All specifications at the optimized repetition rate and pulse width.

| Options | | | | |
|------------------|---|--------------|----|-------|
| Multi-wavelength | Multi-wavelength | [MWB], [MWS] | | |
| Rad-cooling™ | Rad-cooling™ system instead of air-cooling fans | | | [RC] |
| Rad-cooling | Rau-cooling sys | [KC] | | |
| Format | SN-532 | _ | XX | [xxx] |



Specifications - SN Series Sub-nanosecond Lasers, UV Models

| | SN-355-3 | SN-355-10 | SN-355-28 | SN-355-50 |
|--|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Beam and output specification | IS | | | |
| Wavelength [⊕] | | 355 | nm | |
| Output power ¹ | 3 W | 10 W | 28 W | 50 W |
| Long term power stability ² | ≤ 1% rms | | | |
| Pulse width ³ | 300 ps to 5 ns range | | | |
| Pulse repetition rate ⁴ | Single shot to 2 MHz | | | |
| Pulse-to-pulse stability ⁵ | < 2% rms | | | |
| Beam spatial mode | TEM ₀₀ M ² < 1.2 | | | |
| Beam pointing stability | < 25 µrad | | | |
| Beam divergence | < 1.5 mrad | | | |
| Beam roundness | > 90% | | | |
| Beam bore sight accuracy | ≤ 1 mm lateral (to | o specified exit location), ≤ | 5 mrad angular (to speci | fied exit direction) |
| Polarization | Vertical | >100:1 | Horizonta | >100:1 |

Operational and system characteristics

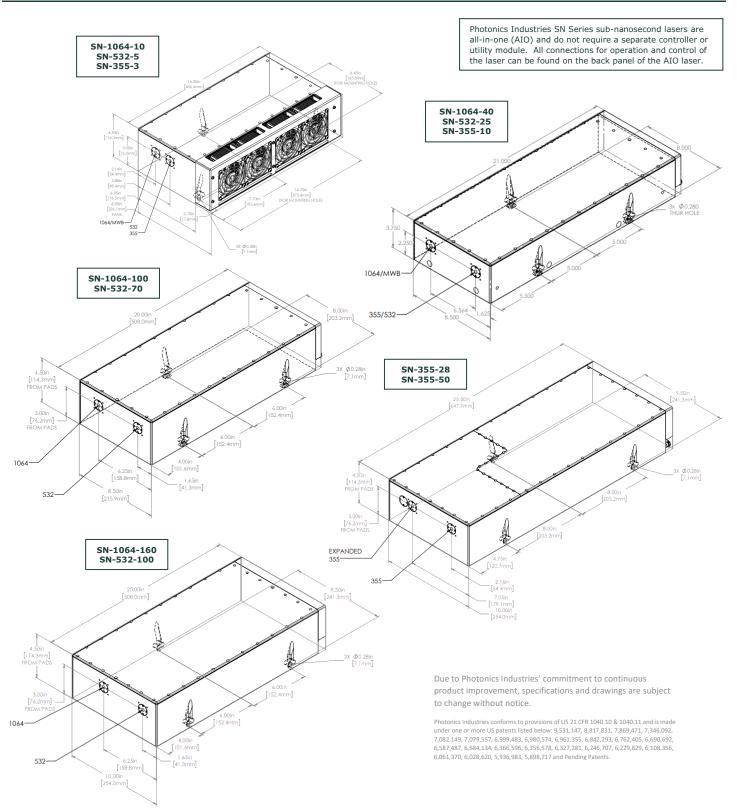
| Interface | RS | RS232, Ethernet, Software GUI, External TTL Triggering | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Warm-up time | | < 15 minutes | | | |
| | | 100-240 V AC, Line Frequency 50-60 Hz | | | |
| Electrical requirement | 15 V DC, 13 A | 32 V DC, 15 A | 32 V DC, 28 A | 60/32 V DC, 20/18 A8 | |
| Power consumption ⁶ | < 200 W | < 500 W | < 900 W | < 1300 W | |
| Climate | Ambient 15°C to 30 | Ambient 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) Operating Range, RH 90% Maximum, non-condensing | | | |
| Dimensions (LxWxH) ⁷ | 16 x 8.9 x 4.5 in. | 21 x 8.5 x 3.75 in. | 25.5 x 10 x 4.5 in. | 25.5 x 10 x 4.5 in. | |
| Vibrational tolerance | | Up to 3g | | | |
| Cooling system [⊕] | Air-cooled | | Water-cooled | | |

 \oplus See options in below table.

⊕ See options in below table.
[1.] Standard power optimization is at 1 MHz. Output power is specifiable at different pulse repetition rates. Pulse energy varies depending on the repetition rate optimization and specified pulse width. [2.] Measured over 8 hours ± 1°C. [3.] Specifiable pulse width. Pulse energy varies depending on the specified pulse width. [4.] Lower pulse repetition rate operation, down to single shot, achieved by utilizing PSO or POD features. [5.] Measured at ambient temperature ± 2°C. [6.] Power consumption data does not include an external chiller's power consumption. [7.] SN Series sub-nanosecond lasers are all-in-one (AIO) and do not require a separate controller or utility module. All connections for operation and control of the laser can be found on the back panel of the AIO laser. [8.] 60V/20A and 32V/28A two connections between laser head and PSU. [NB] All specifications at the optimized repetition rate and pulse width.

| vavelength Multi-wavelength output, blended or selectable | | | |
|---|--------------------|--|---|
| Rad-cooling [™] system instead of air-cooling fans | | | [RC] |
| Rad-cooling™ syste | [RC] | | |
| SN-355 | | | [xxx] |
| | Rad-cooling™ syste | Rad-cooling [™] system instead of a | Rad-cooling [™] system instead of air-cooling fans |





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Photonics Industries International is the pioneer of intracavity harmonic lasers and is at the forefront of developing, manufacturing and marketing a wide range of nanosecond, sub-nanosecond and femtosecond lasers for industrial, scientific, defense, and medical industries. Check out our products and see how we can help you apply our lasers to your needs.

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Rayture Systems



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